**New Homes from Old Places** 

**Residential Conversion and Sub-division Supplementary Planning Document** 

**Statement of Consultation** 

**March 2011** 



#### 1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 This document presents the outcome of consultation on previous drafts of the 'New Homes from Old Places Residential Conversion and Sub-Division Supplementary Planning Document (SPD)', produced for consultation purposes in May 2009, May 2010 and January 2011.
- 1.2 Extensive consultation has been undertaken; reflecting the complex nature of the document and the significant changes that have been made to the format and content since the first draft was produced.
- 1.3 Key issues raised during consultations are as follows:

#### **Key Issues**

- The document is too ambitious (and prescriptive) in terms of the existing architectural features to be removed
- The proposed internal space standards are too strict and will result in large houses (and flats) for which there is no market
- External amenity standards cannot be met
- The requirements are not financially viable without significant public grant aid
- The proposals as they stand could lead to a worsening of the current situation with large properties becoming popular for large vulnerable families and the creation of further unlawful Houses in Multiple Occupancy (HMO)
- Need to understand potential and possible unintended impacts on an already weak and at-risk holiday accommodation sector
- Some of the proposals set out in the SPD are not based on appropriate DPD polices
- 1.4 The key issues raised have generally been addressed in the Final SPD as follows:

#### Responding to issues

- Fundamental design requirements have been revised. In particular, the changes make it easier to convert an existing building into a single dwelling, which is what the Council is keen to encourage. Whilst the removal of street-facing sun-lounges is a requirement in all cases, the removal of non-original roof-lifts or inappropriate dormers is a requirement when sub-dividing a property only
- The space standards are based on those in the London Housing Design Guide 2010, and have been adjusted to allow for conversion of existing spaces. These are intended to provide quality, flexible, modern space. Internal size standards in the Final SPD have been rounded from the Draft SPD, and are slightly lower
- Private outdoor space is highly valued and should be provided where possible to provide a good quality home. The
   Council acknowledges that it may not be possible to create meaningful amenity areas in all cases, particularly in the

inner areas. In the Final SPD there is now an emphasis on maximising all opportunities to provide outdoor amenity space, including the removal of extensions and outbuildings and provision of roof terraces and balconies. Minimum standards relating to ground floor external amenity area and balconies / roof terrace areas have been moved to best practice guidance

- A separate architectural feasibility study has shown the guidance to be technically feasible
- Alongside the Adopted SPD, robust enforcement action is important to prevent further unlawful change of use to HMO. Surveys undertaken in the Resort Neighbourhoods have given the Council comprehensive information on existing uses and condition of buildings which will be used to closely monitor any unlawful change of use or development and the deterioration of existing building stock
- We have revisited the housing mix requirement and found it went beyond higher level planning policy, specifically Policy HN6 of the Local Plan, which is beyond the scope of any SPD. Improving the housing mix is something for the emerging Core Strategy to address. The housing mix requirements have been amended and are now consistent with Policy HN6. Should they be reviewed through the Core Strategy, the final SPD will be reviewed accordingly
- The document sets out the minimum guidance considered necessary and appropriate to ensure that high quality residential dwellings are created. It recognises that the conversion of existing buildings requires a degree of flexibility, although expects all proposals to demonstrate an innovative, high quality design solution.

## 2.0 Initial Consultation on Preparing the SPD

- 2.1 A pre-production draft was published in May 2009. At the time no decision had been taken as to the status of the document and whether it would be a SPD. The consultation exercise took place over a four week period between 3<sup>rd</sup> August and 31<sup>st</sup> August 2009, and was targeted at local architectural and planning agents and holiday accommodation organisations (see Appendix 1 for details). The purpose of the consultation was to obtain views on the general approach to improving design requirements for residential conversions and sub-divisions and whether the proposed design requirements were considered appropriate.
- 2.2 Four responses were received which are detailed in Appendix 1, along with the Council's response and proposed changes to the draft SPD. Whilst some of the comments welcomed the aims of the document they all had concerns with the detailed design requirements.

#### 3.0 Consultation on Draft SPD

3.1 A draft SPD was published in May 2010. It was decided that the document would be a SPD and so statutory consultation procedures were followed. The consultation exercise took place over a six week period between 24<sup>th</sup> May and 5th July 2010 (this was extended until 12<sup>th</sup> July due to a suspected technical error with the Council's online consultation portal). The purpose of the consultation was to obtain views on the proposed design requirements and whether the revised layout was easier to understand.

- 3.2 Consultation involved the following:
  - Presentation to the Fylde Coast Planning Agents Meeting on 27<sup>th</sup> April 2010
  - Publication of the Statement of Matters in the Blackpool Gazette on 24<sup>th</sup> May 2010
  - Dedicated consultation event on the Council's online consultation portal
  - Emails sent to all consultees on the Local Development Framework Database on 24<sup>th</sup> May 2010, and reminders sent on 29<sup>th</sup> June 2010.
  - Letters sent to planning agents and LDF database consultees with no email address
  - Publishing the draft SPD and supporting documents (including notice of the SPD Matters) on the Council's website (www.blackpool.gov.uk/residentialconversions) and depositing them at the locations below:
    - 1. Main reception Municipal Buildings, Corporation Street, Blackpool, FY1 1LZ2.
    - 2. Blackpool Central Library, Queen Street, Blackpool, FY1 1PX
    - 3. Anchorsholme Library, Luton Road, FY5 3RS
    - 4. Bispham Library, Devonshire Road, FY2 0HH
    - 5. Boundary Library, Bathhurst Avenue, FY3 7RW
    - 6. Layton Library, Talbot Road, FY3 7BD
    - 7. Mereside Library, 4b Crummock Place, FY4 4TP
    - 8. Palatine Library, St Annes Road, FY4 2AP
    - 9. Revoe Library, Revoe Street, FY1 5HN
    - 10. Blackpool Enterprise Centre, Lytham Road, FY4 1EW
    - 11. Solaris Centre, New South Promenade, FY4 1RW
  - The document was also a key part of a series of six major public exhibitions arranged as part of a parallel consultation exercise on the Holiday Areas Draft SPD
- 3.3 Seven representations were received which are detailed in Appendix 2 along with the Council's response and proposed changes to the revised draft SPD as appropriate.
- 3.4 An email was sent to 4NW on the 24<sup>th</sup> May requesting confirmation that the SPD conforms to policies in the North West Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS). However, a letter issued from Communities and Local Government (CLG) on the 6<sup>th</sup> July 2010 regarding the revocation of regional strategies meant there was no obligation to check conformity with RSS at this stage. This was confirmed by 4NW in an email to Blackpool Council.

#### 4.0 Consultation on Revised Draft SPD

- 4.1 A revised draft SPD was published in January 2011. The consultation exercise took place over a four week period between 17<sup>th</sup> January and 14<sup>th</sup> February 2011. The document had been radically re-structured and re-written to address respondents concerns and the main purpose of this exercise was to obtain views on the proposed design requirements and the introduction of best practice guidance, and hopefully achieve 'buy-in' to the document from planning agents in particular.
- 4.2 Consultation involved the following:
  - Publication of the Statement of Matters in the Blackpool Gazette on the 17<sup>th</sup> January 2011
  - A dedicated consultation event on the Council's online consultation portal
  - Emails sent to all relevant statutory and non-statutory consultees, including all local planning agents, and reminders sent in early February 2011.
  - Letters sent to planning agents and other consultees with no email address
  - Publishing the draft SPD and supporting documents (including notice of the SPD Matters) on the Council's website (<u>www.blackpool.gov.uk/residentialconversions</u>) and depositing them at the Customer First Reception, Municipal Buildings, Corporation Street, Blackpool, FY1 1NF
- 4.3 Five representations were received which are detailed in Appendix 3.
- 4.4 A letter from CLG dated the 10<sup>th</sup> November 2010 confirmed the re-establishment of regional strategies (although it remains the Government's intention to revoke these in the emerging Localism Bill). Due to regional body resources, local planning authorities are asked to reach their own view on whether an emerging Plan is in conformity with RSS. Blackpool Council's view is that 'New Homes from Old Places Residential Conversion and Sub-Division SPD' is in conformity with the North-West RSS, and this is summarised in Appendix 4.

# **Appendix 1: Initial Consultation on Preparing the SPD (May 2009)**

## **List of Consultees**

Name / Organisation	Name / Organisation
Alan Jones Chartered Surveyors	Information Monitoring Officer Blackpool Council
Architectural Design Services	Julie Cary Planning
BAGS	Kensington Developments
Baxter Homes Ltd	Keystone Design Associates
Bill Atkinson	Leo Morgan
Bispham Hotel & Traders Association	Mackeith Dickinson & Partners
Blackpool Hotel and Guest House Consortium	Maple Timber Frame
Blackpool Self-Catering Association	Mellor Architects
Bromley Parker Architects	Midgely Drawing Service
CABE	Mr D Turnbull
Cassidy & Ashton	Mr G Attwater
CFM Consultants	Mr R Ansell
Chris Hewitt Architect	Mr R Hopper
Croft Goode Partnership	Mr S Lomax
D Turnbull	Ms Melanie Lawrenson
Deputy Director of Housing Regeneration, Re-Blackpool	
Firth Associates Ltd	NTJ Design
Fletcher Smith Architects	Partnership Delivery Officer Blackpool Council
Fylde Architects and Surveyors	Planning & Design Services Ltd
Fylde Coast Housing Strategy Manager Blackpool Council	Plantasia
Gerald Senior	PT Design
Government Office North West	Roy Bancroft
Graham Anthony Consultants	Thompson Developments
Head of Business and Visitor Economy Strategy, Blackpool Council	Turner Builders Ltd
Home Plan Design	Wilkinson Developments Ltd
Ian Standidge	Yes Hotels

# **List of Respondents**

Name / Organisation	1
Mr C Plenderleith	Leith Planning Ltd
Mr S Lomax-Dwent	Owner of holiday accommodation in Blackpool
David Hadwin	Keystone Design Associates Ltd
Mr R Dagwell	Blackpool Hotel & Guest House Consortium

# **Schedule of Comments and Reponses**

Consultee	Comment Summary	Council Response	Change to Draft SPD
Leith Planning Ltd on behalf of Hay Hill Ltd	While it is not stated in the document it is assumed that the 'revision' is to the Supplementary Planning Guidance (SPG) Note 10 dated June 1999 entitled 'Change of Use of Holiday Accommodation and Conversion of Properties to Permanent Residential Use and Holiday Flats'.	This is correct. It is acknowledged that the text in the introduction does not explain this clearly.	The Draft SPD clearly explains that the document will replace existing SPG Note 10.
	It is understood that the replacement for SPG Note 10 is a Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) providing amplification in relation to Local Plan Policy RR9 as reproduced at Appendix 4. However, this is not clearly explained which undermines the integrity of the document.	At the time the pre-production draft was consulted on, no decision had been taken as to the status of the document; it was produced to seek comments from informed agents on potential new guidance for residential conversions.	It has been agreed that the status of the document will be a SPD and this is explained in the Draft SPD. The SPD supports saved policies RR9, HN5, HN6 and replacement policies in the emerging Core Strategy and these are clearly stated in the Draft.
	Not satisfied that the SPD meets the requirements of section 19 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004; in particular the Council has not given sufficient regard to:	The initial draft was not produced as a SPD; compliance with statutory requirements is not applicable.	The statutory requirements have been followed when preparing the Draft SPD.
	(a) National policies and advice contained in guidance issued by the Secretary of State. The document needs to be tested against Paragraph 5 and 23 of PPS1; in particular the SPD will undermine sustainable economic development by imposing standards which seriously undermine viability.	The guidance aims to create good quality converted new homes in accordance with PPS1 and respond to national, regional & local planning policies as appropriate.	The draft provides design requirements which will support creating good quality new homes through conversion.
	(b) Any other local development document which has been adopted by the authority. One of the concerns is that the document goes well beyond the scope of Local Plan Policy RR9 and is overly prescriptive. The SPD is not clearly cross-referenced to the relevant development plan document policy which it supplements.	It is acknowledged the draft SPD must be compliant with Policy RR9, HN5 and HN6 of the Local Plan, which require proposals to establish residential character and comply with the Council's floorspace, amenity standards and housing mix.	The design requirements in the draft SPD complement existing local plan policies; which are referenced in the appendix. The draft does include a number of changes e.g. to external amenity space; subdivision thresholds have been reduced and
	(c) The document will seriously undermine the viability of development proposals, such as that for the Verona Hotel (Tyldesley Road).  (d) The resources likely to be available for implementing the proposals in the document. One of the concerns is that to	The SPD is not being prepared to address a specific development proposal although the Council acknowledges a study is necessary to consider technical feasibility.	more flexibility is introduced.  Some of the requirements have been relaxed, for example the removal of roof lifts for conversions
	proposals in the document. One of the concerns is that to achieve the aspirations laid out in the Foxhall Action Area Plan the council must rely on private sector investment.	This comment relates to the Foxhall AAP and not to this SPD.	N/A
	The Town & Country Planning (Local Development) (England) Regulations 2004 define a "SPD" as "a LDD which is not a DPD, but does not include the local planning authority's statement of		

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	community involvement". This draws attention to the following:		
	(a) Regulation 13(1): the LDD must contain a reasoned justification of the policies contained in it	Agreed. This will be set out in the Draft SPD and further versions.	A brief justification accompanies each set of design requirements
	(b) Regulation 13(5): where a DPD contains a policy that is intended to supersede another policy, it must state that fact and identify the succeeded policy. It is assumed that the 'revision' is to the SPG Note 10 dated June 1999 entitled 'Change of Use of Holiday Accommodation and Conversion of Properties to Permanent Residential Use and Holiday Flats'	Agreed. This will be acknowledged in the Draft SPD and any subsequent versions.	The draft now states that the SPD will replace the existing SPG10.
	(c) Regulation 13(8): the policy in an SPD must be in conformity with: (a) policies in the core strategy (b) policies in any other DPD, or (c) if neither paragraph (a) nor (b) applies, an old policy	Agreed. The emerging Core Strategy will be acknowledged in the Draft SPD.	The Draft SPD is considered to be in conformity with "saved" Local Plan Policies HN5, RR9, HN6 and emerging Core Strategy policies.
	(d) Part 5 introduces minimum procedural requirements for the adoption of SPD's, including publicity, and providing an opportunity for making representations. There are a number of subheadings and the following are of particular reference:  application interpretation of Part 5  public participation representations on SPDs adoption of SPDs	At the time of this consultation no decision on the status of the document had been made. Now that it is confirmed the document will be an SPD all appropriate procedures will be followed.	The statutory requirements have been followed when preparing the Draft SPD, including publicity and opportunity to make representations.
	(e) Regulation 19: Adoption of SPDs lists the steps to be taken by the local planning authority once the SPD has been adopted. This includes sending the adoption statement to any person who has asked to be notified of the adoption of the document. Leith Planning wishes to be notified	Noted	A statement of matters will be published when formal consultation on the draft SPD begins, allowing respondents to request to be notified of the adoption of the SPD.
	Para 6.1 of <i>PPS 12: Local Spatial Planning</i> notes that a SPD may be prepared to provide greater detail of the policies in its DPDs. The document goes well beyond the scope of Local Plan Policy RR9 and is overly prescriptive. PPS12 goes onto state that SPDs should not be prepared with the aim of avoiding the need for the examination of policy which should be examined. The preclusion of 1-bed accommodation and setting out living space standards as stipulated at Table 1 (which includes minimum total dwelling sizes of 67sq.m. for a 2 bed flat) would seriously undermine viability of redevelopment schemes. If the Council intend to rely on the policy framework it should be subject to the rigorous assessment associated with a DPD.	Proposals involving sub-division and/or change of use to permanent residential accommodation must comply with Council floorspace and amenity standards (Policies RR9 and HN5). Supporting text to Policy HN5 states proposals will need to accord with Policy HN6 (housing mix) and with the Council's SPG for residential conversions and sub-divisions. The new SPD will update the current SPG referred to.	N/A

Consultee	Comment Summary	Council Response	Change to Draft SPD
Rob Newman	Floor space standards: Minimum gross floor area of a 2 bedroom flat to be 67sqm but total minimum floor space sizes for individual rooms is 47sqm. Where does the other 20sqm fit in? And why could a 200sqm guest house not be sub-divided into 2 or 3 two bedroom units?	The additional 20sqm is taken up by ancillary spaces such as bathrooms and circulation space. The 200spm threshold will be revisited.	The 200spm threshold below which subdivision will not be permitted has been reduced to 156sqm; between 156 and 191 sqm subdivision is limited to two dwellings (maximum).
	External amenity provision: The majority of 200sqm plus guest houses could not provide the amenity area standards for garden, parking and bin storage required, therefore, does this mean that some of the larger ones would not be able to be sub-divided?	The document is draft and has been published for comment. Consideration will be given as to whether the external amenity provision required is achievable	The minimum external amenity area per dwelling has been reduced to reflect number of occupiers and minimum dimensions are omitted
	Amenity: In some cases due to the density of the buildings and limited external space, the external amenity requirements could not be achieved even for 1 dwelling.	Consideration will be given as to whether amenity requirements are achievable.	External amenity standards have generally been reduced.
	Large Single dwellings: Should this be the case, would there not be a predominance of very large single dwellings which would be attractive to the Housing Associations for very large families, possibly causing some of the social problems trying to be addressed in this document?	One of the aims of the document is to encourage a more sustainable mix of housing types and tenures as current supply is skewed in favour of small, privately rented flats.	To create more realistic family sized homes, the threshold below which properties can be sub-divided into single dwellings has been reduced.
	Investment: Investment in any of these properties by a potential developer is disproportionate to any return made by a single dwelling, especially when you consider the cost of removing roof lifts and reinstating original roof lines etc. This will stagnate the existing guest house market.	The document must balance raising accommodation standards whilst considering viability. Removal of non-original additions is important to establish residential character and amenity. Consideration will be given as to whether the standards are realistic to achieve.	The Draft SPD now states that the removal of roof lifts is only a requirement when sub-dividing a property into flats.
David Hadwin, Keystone Design Associates Ltd	The existing policy is working fine and understood by all parties. It is robust and has been supported in appeal. Why the wholesale change in the policy? It is to be applauded that the planning section is now echoing the mood and policy of the general council i.e. acknowledgement that the guest house industry of Blackpool is in serious decline.	Housing choice is limited to small, poor quality privately rented bedsits and flats or shared houses in multiple occupancy (HMO) causing problems with overcrowding, lack of amenity space, noise and inconvenient or unsafe access. This document will manage the change of use from holiday accommodation to residential, and aim to raise the quality of residential conversions and subdivisions and address the over-supply of poor quality flats	N/A

Consultee	Comment Summary	Council Response	Change to Draft SPD
	Local plan policy will need to be changed to reflect the aspirations of this document (RR9 in particular).	It is acknowledged the draft SPD must be compliant with Policy RR9, HN5 and HN6	N/A
	Would be useful to know which areas are being considered as holiday resort areas. Need to look at the general condition of stock in the areas. In the Foxhall (Preferred Option) consultation document one of the areas proposed for retention is Coop Street, but all the properties in this area are of low structural condition. In these areas conservation seems pointless, when replacement with alternative uses would be far better.	The holiday resort areas will be developed through the Core Strategy and a Holiday Accommodation SPD and these will be consulted on separately.	N/A
	The use of floor areas to assess the suitability for conversion is flawed. The measurement is subjective. The 200sqm minimum floor area conflicts with the size of flat suggested. A two bedroom flat has a floor area requirement of 67sqm. If this figure is used it is possible to convert the 200sqm building into 3no flats. A 200sqm building would provide a very large family dwelling, which is not a desirable product.	Noted. The proposed floor area thresholds and standards will be revisited.	To create more realistic family sized homes, the threshold below which properties can be sub-divided has been reduced.
	No consideration has gone into economics of conversion. The council must recognise that all these buildings are commercial, so they must work financially. If they do not, the owner goes bankrupt, and the property becomes vacant and falls into disrepair. The majority of the hotel stock in Blackpool is currently up for sale. Market forces will determine what conversion is viable and will result in mixed development that is desired.	The document must balance raising accommodation standards whilst considering viability. The Council acknowledges a study is necessary to consider technical feasibility.	Some of the requirements have been relaxed, for example the removal of roof lifts for conversions.
	Step 2: Why is only 50% of roof space included in the assessed floor area of the (original) building?	The 50% roof space assessment was an attempt to bring the measurable roof space in line with the original roof area. This will be reconsidered.	This has been replaced with a requirement that any space with a floor to ceiling height of less than 2.2m cannot be included in the floor area of the original property.
	Step 4.1 states single bedroom dwellings are not permitted in guest house conversions. This conflicts with council policy which allows 33%.	This looks to address problematic small flats but it is acknowledged the SPD cannot go beyond existing policy so this will be revisited.	The Draft SPD is now consistent with policy and states the maximum proportion of one bedroom dwellings in any development is 1 in 4.
	Step 4.4 prohibits the conversion of basements. Why? These can be used for plant rooms or habitable space providing adequate amenities, and could be part of a maisonette. This requirement should be dropped.	This looks to reduce opportunities for lower quality conversions with inadequate amenity, but will be revisited	This specific prohibition has been removed from the document in recognition that they can provide useful space.

Consultee	Comment Summary	Council Response	Change to Draft SPD
	Step 4.5 requires compliance with code for sustainable homes (min level 2). There is no requirement in any legislation to register with code for sustainable homes. Indeed if you are considering energy efficiency the requirements of part L1 B are adequate. It would be impractical for a conversion to meet the requirements of the code, not least the insulation levels. Incidentally the requirement conflicts with RSL and government requirements for social housing which requires code 3 level for above. Code for sustainable homes is very much detailed design and is certified on completion of the build. How is it proposed to intermesh this into the planning process? This is unworkable and unenforceable and should be dropped.	This draft document starts to present opportunities for higher quality conversions with the introduction of compliance with 'Code for Sustainable Homes'. Consideration will be given as to whether this requirement is realistic.	The requirement for compliance with 'Code for Sustainable Homes' standards has been removed and the document now relies on the increasing requirements of Building Regulations over the life of the document to cover the performance requirements.
	Step 4.7 requires kitchens to have windows. This is not necessary as kitchens are secondary habitable rooms akin to bathrooms. Building Regulations do not require a window to be provided to kitchens and in many conversions it is not practical to provide one. This should be dropped.	A kitchen is a habitable room and good natural lighting makes them attractive spaces. However, the requirement for direct daylight will be revisited	The requirement for natural lighting has been removed in the Draft SPD although will need to be consistent with emerging Council guidance on HMO amenity standards.
	Step 4.8 requires all dwellings to comply with relevant Building Regulations, but this conflicts with the above points.	Potential conflicts with Building Regulations will be resolved.	The Draft SPD is considered to be consistent with Building Regulations
	The minimum sizes quoted in step 6 are excessive. A large two bedroom flat has a floor area of 60sqm. If you apply minimum room sizes given in this section it is possible to have a two bedroom flat of less than 50sqm. Similarly, applying this guide to the storage requirements of 5% would mean a dwelling of 5 bedrooms would require storage space greater than the kitchen and bathroom combined. It is suggested that the room sizes in the current guidance are retained and the minimum flat sizes not used. As with storage, this should suggest that consideration is given to appropriate levels. This section of the guide is over prescriptive. This comment also applies to minimum dimensions quoted.	The discrepancy between the aggregate figure for room sizes and total dwelling size is a result of leaving out circulation space and bathrooms. The statement that 5% storage figure for a 5 bed flat would be more than the kitchen and bathroom combined is incorrect. There are no specific requirements for kitchen and bathroom areas in this document but guidance available nationally would provide a far higher figure than the 6.05sqm that would result from the storage calculation.	Room size standards and the accommodation conversion scale have been revised, e.g. an original property greater than 191sqm can now be subdivided into 2+ dwellings. Dwelling size standards are based on English Partnership Standards and Homes and Communities Agency (HCA) standards along with research into adequate size standards for dwellings carried out for the Greater London Authority (GLA).
	Step 7: is completely impractical. The space requirements in town centre are unachievable. Similarly the parking space sizes conflict with other council policy and the disabled space sizes conflict with Part M of the Building Regulations. Also the bin space requirements conflict with advice given by the waste manager. Most flats utilize SITA bins.	External space and parking standards will be revisited.	The private external amenity space requirement has been reduced. Building Regulations do not cover parking standards for dwellings. The minimum waste storage area required has been omitted.

Consultee	Comment Summary	Council Response	Change to Draft SPD
	Disagree with cycle storage provision. Should be 1 per flat and space of 2.0m length is excessive.	The document as consulted on required a single space per flat and was set at 2.0m minimum length to accommodate an adult size bicycle	The dimensions are unchanged. Cycle storage requirements have been set to dwelling occupancy.
	In conclusion, the proposed guide is over prescriptive, conflicts with current policies and other regulations and is impractical	The SPD should not conflict with existing policy or other regulations and this will be revisited.	Changes have been made to the document as already detailed above.
Mr Sybaris Lomax- Dwent	Step 4: A blanket ban on basement conversion is wrong. Many properties on Charnley Road and Havelock St for example have steps going down to the basement at the front, with natural daylight and are ground level at the back. These could make superb quality basement flats.	This looks to reduce opportunities for lower quality conversions with inadequate amenity, but will be revisited	This specific prohibition has been removed from the document in recognition that they can provide useful space.
	Step 5: The sentiment of the proposal is correct, but the financial implications would make many projects unviable. The cost of removing dormers and sun lounges in conjunction with a property renovation in many cases simply does not stack up. This is where the plan may fall down when seeking private investors/home owners to heavily invest in a tired building, rejuvenate it and be left with a hefty loss or negative equity.	The document must balance raising accommodation standards whilst considering viability. Removal of non-original additions is important to establish residential character and amenity. Existing policy requires removal of sun lounges. Consideration will be given as to whether the standards are realistic.	The Draft SPD now states that the removal of roof lifts is only a requirement when sub-dividing a property into flats.
	Step 7: Flexibility must be given here, we are not dealing with new builds and have to work around and to the best of what we have, so for a garden to be rejected because it is too narrow at one point is too rigid for success.	External space standards will be revisited	Minimum areas for external amenity and waste storage have been revised and minimum dimension requirements omitted.
Mr Ray Dagwell Blackpool Hotel and Guest House	The decline in visitor numbers is only one of the reasons hotels and guest houses have failed. Council policy is as much to blame for the current problems.	The emerging Core Strategy proposes to redefine holiday areas in response to the changing circumstances affecting guest houses in Blackpool.	N/A
Consortium	Permitting Travelodges has only exacerbated the situation.	Each planning application was considered on merit against existing planning policy.	N/A
	Owners try to survive by taking in anybody to pay the overheads and over the years a lack of sustained and proper enforcement has meant that areas have declined. This, coupled with a lack of investment in the buildings, has led to further decline making streets and areas a haven for HMOs.	This new guidance aims to prevent former guest-houses and similar accommodation falling into problematic small flats and HMOs by improving quality.	N/A

Consultee	Comment Summary	Council Response	Change to Draft SPD
	This lack of investment is not just the private sector but also the Council's own buildings, some of which are in the holiday areas. The Council has failed to enforce the legislation that they have available and this is unacceptable.	The Council's MIPS Team are undertaking surveys to identify poor quality property and any information relating to Council owned property is expected to be passed onto the Council's Property + Estates Team.	N/A
	The use of hotels and holiday flats for permanent residents has led to more anti social behaviour in the surrounding streets. Where permanent and visitors are in the same building this has led to further problems.	A sweep across the inner area by the Council's MIPS Team will identify unlawful uses and this information will be passed onto the Council's Enforcement Team as appropriate to investigate.	N/A
	The deregistering of hotels has been made difficult and even those that "cease trading" still take in guests.	The emerging Core Strategy proposes to redefine holiday areas and allow those guest houses outside these areas to convert to permanent residential use. This change in policy should make it easier to deregister hotels.	N/A
	A view should be taken on what you do with a 10 bed guest house. Perhaps areas should be re-designated to office areas with suitable inducements e.g. to form streets of estate agents thereby freeing up town centre areas such as Birley Street to café's etc. Hard and fast rules on holiday / residential areas are not necessary as there is no reason why a mixture of uses in the same street cannot co-exist side by side e.g. offices, residential homes and hotels. This would depend obviously on occupancy.	Within the redefined holiday areas the loss of holiday accommodation will be resisted to protect character. Meanwhile, main commercial uses should be located in existing retail centres to support their vitality and viability. Proposals for mixed use conversion outside the revised holiday areas will be considered on merit; and must protect the residential character of these areas.	N/A
	The Council's practice in putting dysfunctional families in hotel areas has led to further and ongoing antisocial behaviour. Before any policy document of this type is brought forward, an in-depth study of the social and economic fabric of the area, the amount of deprivation, and the employment prospects of the area, should be undertaken.	The Council has a good understanding of key social and economic issues in the inner areas through preparing an evidence base for Area Action Plans, and the survey work by MIPS.	N/A
	It is pointless creating more homes without job creation going side by side. Without job creation the houses will not be sold	This is beyond the scope of the document and is a matter for the Core Strategy to address.	N/A

Consultee	Comment Summary	Council Response	Change to Draft SPD
	Step 1: There is no real justifiable reason why residential and hotels cannot co-exist side by side in certain areas. The main objection to that approach would be the Promenade. This must be coupled with the degree and the long term proposals for areas. If more Travelodges are given planning approval then more hotels even those on the Promenade will become empty	This is beyond the scope of the document although the emerging Core Strategy proposes to redefine holiday areas in response to the changing circumstances affecting guest houses in Blackpool.	N/A
	If hotels are developed at the football ground then more hotels will fail. The hotel market is already in decline with some premises being on the market for several years. The market has further declined due to the present economic climate and the downturn is probably pro rata with national failure and decline in hotel sales. Even with the redrawing of maps for designated holiday areas, if hotels are not wanted and cannot be sold, they should be automatically deregistered. If premises are converted at a later date controls will prevent it becoming a HMO.	This document does not cover the Council's policy on new holiday accommodation. The emerging Core Strategy and this new guidance will allow unviable guest houses located outside of the revised holiday areas to convert to good quality permanent residential use.	N/A
	<b>Step 2:</b> The method of measuring will depend on all extensions being removed e.g. sun lounges. Any height below 5ft on a roof lift to be excluded, not 50%. Any area outside to be excluded agreed.	The 50% roof space assessment was an attempt to bring the measurable roof space in line with the original roof area. This will be reconsidered.	This has been replaced with a requirement that any space with a floor to ceiling height of less than 2.2m cannot be included in the floor area of the original property.
	Step 3: Our present houses have probably the smallest floor area in Europe and larger dwellinghouses and room sizes should become the norm not the exception. The old Parker Morris standard should be used.	One of the key aims of the document is to encourage a shift towards larger 'family" homes and apartments.	Room size standards and dwelling size standards have been revised; and are based on HCA standards along with research carried out for the GLA
	<b>Step 4:</b> To control this by planning law and appeals is virtually impossible. This will only cause more illegal HMOs.	The requirements are intended to minimise the potential for new HMOs. Alongside this, the Council will promote robust enforcement action to tackle unlawful HMOs as part of a coordinated approach.	N/A
	Step 5: The removal of the sun lounge is not necessary. Signs and awnings to be removed – agree; roof lifts to be removed – disagree. Replacing extensions with gardens will depend on each building. A feasibility study on the cost of carrying out these works is required. This is a blanket policy which is impractical to enforce on. As this document unfolds and if this becomes the firm policy it will create planning blight, the destruction of the sale of hotels and more illegal HMOs to which the Council cannot and has not controlled in the past.	The document must balance raising accommodation standards whilst considering viability. Removal of non-original additions is important to establish residential character and amenity. Existing policy requires removal of sun lounges. Consideration will be given as to whether the standards are realistic.	The Draft SPD now states that the removal of roof lifts is only a requirement when sub-dividing a property into flats.

Consultee	Comment Summary	Council Response	Change to Draft SPD
	Step 6: We have the smallest dwellings and room size in Europe and therefore have no objections on dwelling size and room size	One of the key aims of the document is to encourage a shift towards larger 'family" homes and apartments.	Room size standards and dwelling size standards have been revised; and are based on HCA standards along with research carried out for the GLA
	Step 7: The external space requirement is impractical. Hotels are bounded by back access roads making it almost impossible to park cars let alone rubbish bins and bike parks.	External space standards will be revisited	Minimum areas for external amenity and waste storage have been revised and minimum dimension requirements omitted.
	General Comments: The purpose in theory is to give guidance on the change of use of Hotels / Guest Houses to residential housing. In practice it will destroy the housing market and cause planning blight. What price will these hotels change hands for when so much is required e.g. the removal of roof lifts, extensions (outriggers). No cost analysis has been carried out. Who will pay the price for converted houses?	The document must balance raising accommodation standards whilst considering viability. A technical feasibility assessment will be considered to ascertain whether the standards are realistic.	Many of the requirements have been relaxed, for example the removal of roof lifts for conversions
	To enable this to go ahead 100% grants would be required not 70% but 100%.	Public grants are not proposed to implement the requirements. See above comment on viability.	The Draft SPD has been revised to provide greater flexibility and guest house owners looking to convert to permanent residential use will have fewer requirements to meet.
	Who would want to live in a house next to a hotel or vice versa? Although a street mix of residential, hotels & offices should create no problem. Hotels that are in desperate straits will look at this and then take in residents on a long term basis (HMO), just to survive.	Outside the proposed holiday areas the Council will continue to support quality holiday accommodation. The Council's MIPS Team will continue to enforce unlawful HMOs and poor housing standards. The Council's Reassurance Plus Team will continue to address problems of anti social behaviour.	N/A
	How is the Council going to enforce this document? Complaints have been made for 2 years against some premises and the situation has not changed or improved	The Council has established a robust enforcement team to address unlawful HMOs	Potential enforcement action by the Council is now referred to.
	This document is a typical planning dream like many other dreams for Blackpool.	This document must be viewed as part of the Council's comprehensive strategy to address the declining holiday accommodation sector and poor quality rented housing sector.	N/A

Consultee	Comment Summary	Council Response	Change to Draft SPD
	The Council needs to start with the licensing of Hotels and Guest Houses with the formation of byelaws to enforce and drive out all sub-standard units.	This is beyond the scope of the SPD	N/A
	A working party should be set up under a forum so that standards can be set and proper enforcement action taken.	This is beyond the scope of the SPD	N/A
	To enable these units then to be sold on the open market at realistic prices then jobs must be found employment increase with the attraction of industry to the area.	This is beyond the scope of the SPD	N/A
	Blackpool at the moment especially in bedsit land is full of drunks etc with anti social behaviour being the norm. Is the change from hotels to housing the only way forward?	This document must be viewed as part of a comprehensive strategy to tackle problems in the inner area.	N/A
	The methods are impractical and the following need to be answered:  How is this document going to be enforced? How has the cost analysis been undertaken? Impact analysis on the housing markets? Who are the prospective purchases of the converted properties? Are we talking of the Council purchasing all hotels and providing social housing? What is the demand for flats in Blackpool? Where are the statistics to show the demand and the potential demand with population spread? What grants will be available for the conversion?	<ul> <li>The document will be enforced by the Council's Enforcement Team</li> <li>The Council acknowledges a study is necessary to consider technical feasibility.</li> <li>The document, together with other policies and interventions will assist in establishing a higher quality residential offer in Blackpool's inner areas.</li> <li>A recent Council study found there is demand for a new residential offer in Blackpool's inner area, subject to improvements in environmental quality.</li> <li>No, it is not sustainable for the Council to purchase all hotels and provide social housing; instead it is intended there will be a more balanced residential market with higher level owner occupancy, and more, larger family homes</li> <li>One of the aims of the SPD is to reduce the number of small poor quality flats, particularly in the inner area.</li> <li>There are no proposals to offer grants for residential conversions.</li> </ul>	Potential enforcement action by the Council is now referred to.

Consultee	Comment Summary	Council Response	Change to Draft SPD
	The Council has failed the holiday areas with its lack of action. Section 215 of The Town & Country Planning Act 1990 is hardly used. HMOs are all over the place. The multi party inspection team has not solved the problem. A long term strategic document with enforcement powers to include S215 needs to be drawn up.	This document must be viewed as part of a comprehensive strategy by the Council to tackle problems within the inner area	N/A
	Overall this is a badly thought out document and needs to be completely rewritten.	It is not accepted that the document is badly thought out; but it is acknowledged that the approach and structure could be made simpler to follow, and the design requirements less onerous.	The document has been rewritten as a formal SPD with distinct design statements which are intended to clarify and justify the policy and design standards required

# Appendix 2: Consultation on Draft SPD (May 2010)

# List of Consultees (individuals / organisations on the Council's LDF Database)

Appropriate Statutory Consultees	Appropriate General Consultees	Appropriate General Consultees
Government Office North West	Elected Representatives	Blackpool Friends of Kingscote Park
4NW	MP for Blackpool North	Blackpool + Fylde Rail Users Association
Lancashire County Council	South Blackpool MP	Blackpool Youth Service
Fylde Borough Council	Blackpool Elected Councillors	1 <sup>st</sup> Norbreck Scout Group
Wyre Borough Council		
Preston City Council	Voluntary Bodies	Conservation, Preservation and Amenity
St Anne's Parish Council	Council for Voluntary Service	Civic Trust Regeneration Unit CPRE Lancashire Branch
Westby with Plumptons Parish Council	Barnardos Blackpool Project	Council for the Protection of Rural England
Staining Parish Council	Different Delinique Creune	Lancashire Wildlife Trust
Lancashire Constabulary	Different Religious Groups Faith Forum	RSPB
Lancashire Police Authority	Blackpool Congregation of Jehovah's Witnesses	National Playing Fields Association
,	biackpool Congregation of Jenovan's Withesses	Sustainability North West
The Coal Authority	Bodies Representing Disabled People	Theatres Trust
Environment Agency	Blackpool, Fylde + Wyre Society for the Blind	The Woodland Trust
English Heritage	Motor Neurone Equalities Forum	Conservation Officer Lancashire Wildlife Trust
Natural England	Leonard Cheshire North West Region	Fylde Bird Club
Highways Agency	Ĭ	Blackpool Environmental Action Team (BEAT)
Network Rail	People Carrying on Business	Victorian Society
Department For Transport	Business Link Lancashire	Blackpool Civic Trust
NW Regional Development Agency	Federation of Small Businesses	
Electricity North-West	Lancashire Economic Partnership	Transport
BT Group Plc	Blackpool, Fylde + Wyre Trades Union Council	Blackpool Transport Services Ltd
Mono Consultants Limited	North + Western Lancashire Chamber of Commerce	Railtrack Property
O2	The Mersey Partnership	Confederation of Passenger Transport Northern Rail
Orange	Blackpool BID	Stagecoach
T-Mobile	Town Centre Manager Dale Street Market Manager	National Express
Vodafone	Blackpool Self-Catering Association	Better Transport
Mobile Operators Association	StayBlackpool	Tan-zo-go
Blackpool PCT	Lancashire and Blackpool Tourist Board	1 = 3
North Lancashire PCT		Older Person Groups
Blackpool, Fylde & Wyre NHS Trust	Youth Groups, Schools, Colleges	Senior Voice Forum
Strategic Health Authority (North West)	Blackpool Young People's Council + Blackpool Voice	
National Grid Land & Development	Blackpool + Fylde College	Housing / Design Interest Groups
British Gas Properties	Blackpool Sixth Form College	CABE
United Utilities	Revoe Community Primary School	Places for People
	Community Futures	Living Streets
Homes and Communities Agency		

Appropriate General Consultees	Appropriate General Consultees	Appropriate General Consultees
Local Residents Associations	Midgley Drawing Service	Planning Agents
Foxhall Village Regeneration Association	Coliseum Trade Association	Development Planning Partnership
Revoe Area Forum	Reads Avenue Cluster Group	How Planning LLP
Layton Area Forum	Read's Grill	Strutt & Parker
Alexandra Road West Community Group	Blackpool Indian Taj	Dev Plan UK
Local Businesses / Business Groups	Cosmo	Carpenter Bidwells Planning
Blackpool Football Club	Finnegan's Tea Room	Paul Butler Associates
Job Centre Plus Blackpool South	Full Monty Kebab Hut	Stewart Ross Associates
Blackpool Airport	National Tyres & Autocare	Jones Lang LaSalle Nathaniel Lichfield & Partners
Evening Gazette	Salt & Vinegar	MPSL Planning & Design Ltd
Fylde Coast Economic Development Compa		JWPC Ltd
Martin Yates Independent Living Services	St Mary's Pharmacy	GVA Grimley
Blackpool Pleasure Beach	Tattoo Station	Chris Thomas Ltd, Outdoor Advertising
Leisure Parcs	Peggys Panty	Consultants
	The Pound Shop	JMP Consulting
Progress Recruitment	Viking Laundrette	RPS Planning
RealTimeUK North	Woodheads Cafe Limited	King Sturge LLP
Beneast Training Ltd	Other National / Regional Organisations	Halcrow Group Ltd
King Street Dental Surgery	Civil Aviation Authority	Malcolm Judd & Partners
In the Pink Leisure	General Aviation Awareness Council	Higham & Co
CL Edwards & Sons Ltd	Sport England	RPS
C Cabs	Jobcentre Plus	DePol Associates Ltd
Moorland Motors Ltd	Sustrans	Cliff Walsingham & Company Cass Associates
Bestplate Ltd	English Partnerships	Nathaniel Lichfield and Partners
Chelsom Ltd	Manager GASP UK	Peacock & Smith Consultants
Gilberts (Blackpool) Ltd	Campaign for Real Ale (CAMRA)	Mosaic Town Planning
Advice Link	Lancashire Fire & Rescue Service HQ	Indigo Planning
Bispham Hotel & Traders Association	Tesco	HOW Planning LLP
Blackpool Holiday Trades Association	Royal Mail Group Plc	Taylor Young
Blackpool Hotel and Guest House Consortiu	Department For Constitutional Affairs	Development & Residential Consulting Atisreal
BAGS	Relate Lancashire	Lambert Smith Hampton
Hounds Hill Shopping Centre	Lawn Tennis Association	Steven Abbott Associates
Jackson Coaches	Regenda Group	Keystone Design Associates
Pool Leisure	Equality and Human Rights Commission	Design Technology Signs
Silcock Leisure	, ,	Midgley Drawing Service
Topaz		

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Appropriate General Consultees	Appropriate General Consultees	Appropriate General Consultees  Arundel Hotel
Croft Goode Partnership	Land & Property	
Leith Planning	Colliers CRE	Ascot Hotel
PPS Planning	Kays Commercial Estate Agents	Ash Lea Hotel
Turley Associates	Berwin Leighton Paisner (BLP Law)	Ashley Victoria
Fusion Online Ltd	Kenrick & Co	Astoria Hotel
Ampgroup Ltd	Broomheads	Astorina Hotel
Taylor Young	James Brearley & Sons Ltd	Athena Hotel
David Wilson Homes	FPD Savills	Athol Hotel
Adams Holmes Associates	Brunswick Property Co Ltd	Avalon Hotel
Cassidy and Ashton	Jones Lang LaSallle	Avenue Hotel
Firth Associates Ltd	Countryside Properties	Avoca Guest House
Graham Anthony Consultants	Allitt Estate Agents	Avonlea Hotel
Home Plan Designs	Dppllp	Ayrton House
Julie Cary Planning	Drivers Jonas Deloitte	Balmoral Guest House
Planning & Design Services Ltd	Greenbank Partnerships	Balmoral House
Mackeith Dickinson & Partners	Muse	Bank House Hotel
NTJ Design	Kenrick and Co	Barry Holiday Flats
		Beach Holiday Flats
House Builders / Construction	Housing and Landlord Associations	Beach Mount Hotel
Woodford Land	Bay Housing Association	Beach View Holiday Flats
Morris Homes (North) Limited	Windmill Housing Association	Beachside Holiday Flats
McDermott Developments	Wyre Housing Association	Beckwood Hotel
Home Builders Federation	Manchester Unity Housing Association	Bella Vista Hotel
David McLean Homes Ltd	Blackpool Coastal Housing	Belverdere Hotel
Kensington Developments	Bostonway Residents & Tenants Association	Berkswell Apartments
Langtree Homes Ltd	Great Places Housing Association	Berkswell Hotel
Bellway Homes	Fylde Coast Landlords Association	Beverley Guest House
Modus Developments Ltd	North West Housing Forum	Beverley House Hotel
Elite Homes Group Ltd	The same of the sa	Bing-Lea
Co-operative Group Ltd, Property Division	Holiday Accommodation Providers	Blenheim Hotel
ING Real Estate Investment Management	Abbey Hotel	Bond Hotel
R.P. Tyson Construction Ltd	Adelphi Hotel	Bonnie Brae Guest House
Newfield Construction Ltd	Aindale Hotel	Bourne House Hotel
Enterprise PLC	Alex Holiday Flats	Bradbury Hotel
Taylor Wimpey UK Ltd	Alexandra Holiday Flats	Bramleigh Hotel
F Parkinson Ltd	Alexandra Hotel	Branston Lodge
Galliford Try	Appleton Lodge	Brecks
Camiora Try	Arcadian Hotel	Brene Hotel
Surveyors	Arendale Hotel	Goldon Palace
Alan Jones Chartered Surveyors	Argyll Hotel	Gr8 Escape Hotel
Bentley Higgs	Arncliffe Hotel	Grampion House
Dentiey Higgs		Gramsford Hotel
	Cressington Hotel	Granisioro notei

Appropriate General Consultees	Appropriate General Consultees	Appropriate General Consultees
Briardene Hotel	Dalemoor	Grosvenor Hotel
Bridle Lodge Flats	Dalmeny Hotel	Guyz Hotel
Bronte House Hotel	Danescourt Hotel	Gynn House Hotel
Brooklyn Guest House	Daren Guest House	Habberly House Hotel
Brooklyn Hotel	Denmar Hotel	Haldene Guest House
Broomcroft Hotel	Derwent Hotel	Harts Head Hotel
Burbage Holiday Group	Devon House Guest House	Hatton Hotel
Burleigh House	Dewsbury House Holiday Flats	Haven Hotel
Bute Holiday Flats	Dickson Hotel	Hazeldeve Private Hotel
Butlers	Dixon Hotel	Hazelwood Guest House
Camelot Hotel	Doric House Hotel	Highbury Hotel
Camelot House	Draytonian Hotel	Hilbre Hotel
Canberra Hotel	Duckies	Hilton Hotel
Care Free Hotel	Dudley Hotel	Holiday Hotel
Castleton Villa	Dunera Hotel	Hollingdales Hotel
Cavendish Hotel	Dunroun Guest House	Holmed Hotel
Century Hotel	Dutchman Hotel	Holmlea Hotel
Cerena Hotel	Edenfield Guest House	Holm-Lea Hotel
Chadsley Hotel	Ellan Vannin Hotel	Holmsdale Hotel
Chaseley	Emmerdale Guest House	Holmside House
Chaucer House	Etherington Flats	Homecliffe Hotel
Chelston Hotel	Ewdene Hotel	Hotel Bianca
Cherry Blossom Hotel	Fairhaven Hotel	Hotel Libra
Chimes Hotel	Falcon Hotel	Hotel Maxine
Claremont House Hotel	Fauld House Guest House	Hotel Picasso
Clarron House	Ferndale Holiday Flats	Hotel Pierre
Cleveland Court Holiday Apartments	Fiesta Hotel	Hotel Rossi
Cleveland Hotel	Four Seasons	Hotel Wilmar
Cliff Haven Hotel	Gladwyn Holiday Flats	Hurstmere Hotel
Coach House Hotel	Glen Stuart Hotel	Ivydene Holiday Flats
Collingwood Hotel	Glenburn Guest House	Jade Apartments
Colyndene Hotel	Glenheath Hotel	Jesmond Hotel
Coniston Hotel	Glenholme Hotel	Katrina Hotel
Coopers Lodge	Glenmere	Keighley House
Coves Hotel	Glenwalden Hotel	Kenbry Guest House
Cowley Hotel	Granby Lodge	Kimberley
Craig-Y-Don Hotel	Grand Villa Guest House	King Edward Hotel
Cranstore Guest House	Grandville Hotel	Kings Court Hotel
Credlands Holiday Flats	Grasmere Hotel	Kingsway House Guest House
Cresta Hotel	Grays Hotel	Kirkview Guest House
Crystal Lodge Holiday Apartments	Greenbank Holiday Flats	Lanayr Hotel
Cumberland Hotel	Gresford Hotel	Langley House Hotel

Appropriate General Consultees	Appropriate General Consultees	Appropriate General Consultees
Langroyd Hotel	Miramar Holiday Flats	Porto Nova Holiday Flats
Lawnswood Holiday Flats	Misterton Guest House	Pound City
Lawrence House	Monteray Guest House	Princess Hotel
Le Papillon	Morada Hotel	Priory Court
Leatham Park Hotel	Moray House Hotel	Queen Victoria Hotel
Leecliff Hotel	Mornington Hotel	Red Rose
Lenbrook Hotel	Morrisey Hotel	Red Rose Holiday Flats
Lexham Hotel	Nevele Hotel	Renton House
Lindisfarne	New Ashwood Holiday Apartments	Rhyl Hotel
Lindsey Hotel	New Brackens Hotel	Rigby Hotel
Llanryan Guest House	New Hampshire Hotel	Rio-Rita Hotel
Lonsdale Hotel	New Oak Lea	Rocklea Hotel
Lords & Ladies Hotel	New Phildene Hotel	Ronda Hotel
Lords Guest House	New Promenade Hotel	Rossall House
Lower Flat	New Southdown Holiday Flats	Rossdene House
Lynalan Hotel	Newburn Hotel	Rothwell Hotel
Lynbar Hotel	Northdene Hotel	Royal Beach Hotel
Lyndale Holiday Flats	Northfield Hotel	Royal Park Hotel
Lyndene Hotel	Northmount Hotel	Royal Windsor Hotel
Lyndhurst Hotel	Norwood Hotel	Rugby`S Hotel
Lynhurst Hotel	Norwyn Court Flats	Sailyn
Lynmore Guest House	Nova Holiday Flats	San Diego Guest House
Lynwood Guest House	Number One Hotel	Sancta Maria Holiday Flats
Mackintosh Hotel	Oak House	Sandalwood
Madi Gras Hotel	Oakleigh Guest House	Sandalwood Holiday Flats
Manhatten Hotel	Oaklyn Hotel	Sandhurst Hotel
Manor House Hotel	Oakville Flats	Sandpiper Hotel
Manuela Rose	Oakwell Hotel	Sandridge
Maple Timber Frame	Ocean View Holiday Flats	Sandringham Court Hotel
Mardi Gras Hotel	Oregon Guest House	Sands Hotel
Mardonia Hotel	Orlando Guest House	Scotts Guest House
Margarets Private Hotel	Osborne House Hotel	Sea Breeze Guest House
Marinne Hotel	Park Villa Hotel	Seabreeze
Marlow Lodge	Pembroke Hotel	Seaclose Hotel
Marsland Hotel	Phillips Apartments	Seacroft Suites
Martells Hotel	Pierremont Guest House	Seagulls Nest
May Dene Hotel	Pierview Hotel	Seaview Hotel
Mayfair Hotel	Pilatus Hotel	Seaway Hotel
Meland	Pinelodge Hotel	Second Floor
Melrose Hotel	Polonez Hotel	Sharn Bek Hotel
Memphis Hotel	Ponderosa Guest House	Shazron Hotel
Merginn Hotel	Ponto Nova	Shellard Hotel

Appropriate General Consultees	Appropriate General Consultees	Appropriate General Consultees
Shepperton Hotel	The Blue Haven Holiday Flats	The Victoria Hotel
Sheron House Bed & Breakfast	The Burleigh	The Villa Hotel
Sherwood Hotel	The Burns Hotel	The Westcoe
Shirley Dene Hotel	The Chimes	The Wilmar Guest House
Shores Hotel	The Claremont House Hotel	The Wilton Hotel
Show Door Apartments	The Cloverleaf Hotel	The Windsor
Silverdale Hotel	The Craigmore	The Yealm
Simons	The Crompton Hotel	Thorncliffe
Somerset Apartments	The Delamere	Touchwood Hotel
Somerville Hotel	The Draytonian	Trentham Hotel
Southenders Hotel	The Dunes	Trianon
Southern Comfort Hotel	The Golden Sands	Tudor Hotel
Southlea	The Grasmere	Tudor House
St Davids Holiday Flats	The Gresford Hotel	Tudor Rose Hotel
St Elmo Hotel	The Kimberley	Tuxford Guest House
St Ives Hotel	The Lantern Hotel	Tynan Hotel
St Kilda Hotel	The Laurels	Valdene Hotel
Stag Hotel	The Mackintosh Private Hotel	Vance House
Stage Door Hotel	The Marina	Verdo House
Starcliffe Hotel	The Merginn	Victoria Hotel
Stockton Grange Hotel	The Moores Hotel	Vidella Hotel
Stones Properties	The New Central Hotel	Villa Mora Hotel
Strachan Hotel	The Northdene	Walcot Hotel
Strathmore Hotel	The Old Coach House	Wallace Hotel
Strawberry Fields Hotel	The Orlando Hotel	Walverdene Hotel
Sundown Hotel	The Pendeen	Waters Edge Hotel
Sunnydale	The Pendeen Hotel	Wavecrest Hotel
Sunnyhurst Hotel	The Pilatus	Waverley Hotel
Sunnyside Guest House	The Rhyl Guest House	Waverley House Apartments
Sunnyside Hotel	The Rockdene Hotel	West Vale Hotel
Sunset Hotel	The Rosedale Hotel	Westcliff Hotel
Sussex Hotel	The Royal Windsor Hotel	Westfield Hotel
Sutton Park Hotel	The Rugbys	White Heather Hotel
Sylver Crest Holiday Flats	The Sandal Wood	White House Hotel
Sylvester Rest Home	The Seaside Hotel	White Moon Hotel
Talavera Hotel	The Sherwood	White Rose Hotel
The Address	The South Lea	Wilmar Guest House
The Ambleside	The Southern Rebel	Wilton Hotel
The Atlantic Hotel	The Sunset Guest House	Wingate Hotel
The Avonlea Hotel	The Trades Hotel	Winston Hotel
The Bamford Hotel	The Tudor	Wittom House
The Beachcomber Hotel	The Valdene Hotel	Woodland Hotel

## **List of Respondents**

Name / Organisation
Brian Johnson Planning Agent

Bernard Bryze Fylde Architect & Surveyors David Hadwin Keystone Design Associates Ltd

Crystal Lodge Holiday Apartments

Keighley House Alan Greenhalgh

Chris Plenderleith Leith Planning Association

# **Schedule of Comments and Reponses**

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
1	Brian Johnston	New Homes' Board 5 Too restrictive on particular types, i.e. 1/2/3 bedrooms. Should be down to owner what is best for them and of course what will sell or rent best.	The housing mix is skewed in the inner areas towards smaller dwellings. In order to address the consequent social problems arising from this imbalance, policy HN6 restricts the number of new small dwellings created in a development.	The housing mix requirements have been amended and are now consistent with Policy HN6. Should they be reviewed through the Core Strategy, the final SPD will be reviewed accordingly.
2.1	Bernard Bryze	The single dwelling 90sq m as first option stands ok, the remainder of space is now generally tight for a second dwelling	Unsure where the 90sq m figure has come from. Flexibility may be allowed within the space standards to accommodate situations where the majority of minimal internal and external space standards are met.	N/A
2.2	Bernard Bryze	I feel the spaces should be standards with no compromise on the sizes	The Council will expect the minimum total dwelling sizes to be adhered to although accepts that the conversion of existing premises requires a degree of flexibility.	N/A
2.3	Bernard Bryze	Bedroom spaces. In the past you would allow a nominal corridor usually 1metre/half metre to be included in the calculation for the size of the bedroom. Instead, the sizes should be in rectangular spaces (min sizes ok although chimney breast an exception)	The existing SPD has minimum dimensions for room sizes, but is not clear on whether an area within that room with smaller dimensions can be included towards minimum area calculations. This clarification is considered useful.	There is now a requirement that minimum dimensions must be adhered to for most of the length of a room. Whilst this may allow a very small narrow area to be included, it will prevent a corridor being counted towards the minimum room area.
2.4	Bernard Bryze	Rear access, usually. Poor, gated back lanes, bins, poorly rendered rear extensions, odd windows badly maintained, no illumination (do not consider a good idea)	Rear access will normally only be appropriate in end of terrace locations.	There is now a requirement for all dwellings to have direct access from the street entrance or shared entrance hallway off the street entrance. Rear access will only be considered in exceptional circumstances.
2.5	Bernard Bryze	Amenity space. Small back areas, heavy bins, gated, yes open space used only when the sun is out ok for drying space. So now you have your example, a small area illuminating the front property with no access to bins. Bikes ok real amenity space. Cost. Knock up concrete, grass and fence as required.	This comment refers to the front cover illustration and to issues of bin and cycle storage, and private amenity space provision. The provision of bin and cycle storage is particularly challenging in the typical terraced layout of inner resort streets.	All outdoor space provided must be in addition to parking, cycle or waste storage provision, although there is now a recognition that a balance must be made. More guidance is now provided on the storage of cycles and waste, including opportunities for communal storage and within the building.

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
2.6	Bernard Bryze	The high cover 3m balcony sun trap outside amenity space. Great on plan, totally cost ineffective. The works involved for the use will be a major problem in having the works carried out.	Private outdoor space is highly valued and should be provided for any dwelling where possible to provide a good quality home. It may not be possible to create meaningful amenity areas in all cases, particularly in the inner areas. In which case, applicants will be expected to compensate for this with a higher quality internal layout.	There is now an emphasis on maximising opportunities to provide outdoor amenity space, including the removal of extensions and outbuildings and provision of roof terraces and balconies. Minimum standards relating to external amenity space and balconies / roof terrace areas have been moved to best practice guidance.
2.7	Bernard Bryze	The removal of sun lounges bays, good idea. £10k min will widen the feel at ground level. I think the cost will stop the job unless a street layout plan is altered as part of the works.	The removal of sun lounges improves the residential character of a street and brings the property to a domestic scale. This is often asked for on current planning applications in accordance with Policy HN5 and the supporting text to Policy LQ14. Applicants are normally allowed up to 3 years to remove this.	The removal of sun lounges is now a requirement irrespective of whether an adjoining property has one, in accordance with the supporting text to policy LQ14.
2.8	Bernard Bryze	Removal of roof lifts. Great for the street scene. Cost will make the works none effective. To replace roof say £20k min, a lot of making good.	The removal of poor quality, oversized roof-lifts brings properties and the street back to a more residential scale and character. Removing a roof-lift is a large undertaking so will only require this as part of the work to sub-divide a property.	N/A
2.9	Bernard Bryze	We are for a strategy. The hotelier is trapped, their only way out is for a developer to buy. If we take an 11 bed hotel, purchase today £80k-£120k. 4 flats planning min alt £25k per flat. Rented £480 per week, £25k year return on £220/180k, Good return and local authority pays [we assume this refers to Housing Benefit payments by tenants]. 2 houses. Purchase £100k alts, £50k per house, rented £300 per week. £15k return, 7.5% ok. If works can be carried out. The risk down from this figure will stop development.	This goes to the heart of one of the key issues. The conversion of holiday accommodation into multiple small flats with a high rental yield (arising from housing benefits payments) has led to a skewed housing provision in the inner resort areas with consequent social issues. The new guidance will set out modern space and amenity standards to raise the quality of new dwellings created through conversion and sub division. Small poor quality flats are no longer acceptable. The Council's policies are not based on maximising development yield, but on setting out minimum acceptable and deliverable standards for new housing.	N/A

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
2.10	Bernard Bryze	Something has to be done, without total redevelopment, the design, has really to incorporate a number of streets and the space to rears becomes the green oasis and this will require the a master plan on how is the best access achieved. The demolition of hotels, some rear demolition and the redesign of these rear spaces could create the community project necessary, introduce green oasis gardens to the poor back lane problem.	Comprehensive redevelopment would be one option to tackling the housing and environmental issues with the inner resort areas. However, the cost of such major intervention and the need for public sector funding assistance means that it is not feasible in the foreseeable future. The Council must therefore encourage owners and developers to work in innovative ways to re-use older guest houses and hotels.	N/A
3.1	David Hadwin	The vertical conversion used as an illustration is poor. This shows the rear property having no access off the street and the front property having no access to shared amenity space. Furthermore, there is no consideration of refuse storage. This is not a good design, contrary to current policy and draft requirements in this SPD.	This concept sketch was intended to show how a vertical conversion could work for illustrative purposes. It shows a rear entrance close to the end of a terrace and in fact each dwelling has access to its own amenity space. We acknowledge that it does not show how waste and cycle storage is dealt with.	Designing entrances to be visible from the street is important, and rear entrances may be considered close to the end of a terrace. This is now acknowledged in the document, which states that all dwellings must have direct access from the street entranceand that rear access will only be considered in exceptional circumstances.
3.2	David Hadwin	There is a presumption in favour of vertical sub division, but this is not a good design. The example given in the document would provide a better design if converted horizontally into 3 flats.	Vertical conversions are not appropriate in all cases, but should be explored at end of terrace locations and as a means of providing a private street entrance to as many properties as possible.	N/A
3.3	David Hadwin	It might be useful have some examples of good design – see Tim Corry	It is intended that examples of good design will be provided separately on the Council's web page.	A link to a web page containing design examples and best practice will be included if necessary.
3.4	David Hadwin	The proportion of 2 bed properties is too low and should be higher. There is little appetite in the private sector for three bedroom plus flats; people looking for 3 bedrooms are usually looking for houses. The policy also motivates to include one bed dwellings in the conversion. In order to make the schemes work there would be an incentive to adopt 25% one bed, 50% two bed with the rest three bed. This surely is not what you are after. Suggest you put a threshold of say 8 units that can be two bed, then the mix in the Draft SPD.	We have revisited the housing mix requirement and found it went beyond the requirements of higher level planning policy, specifically Policy HN6 of the Local Plan, which is beyond the scope of any SPD. Within the inner neighbourhoods it is important to redress the current imbalance in housing provision away from small one and two bed properties towards three plus bed dwellings. Having a greater housing mix is something for the emerging Core Strategy to address.	The housing mix requirements have been amended and are now consistent with Policy HN6. Should they be reviewed through the Core Strategy, the Adopted SPD will be reviewed accordingly.

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
3.4.1	David Hadwin	Would the Council not want a presumption against single bed and studio accommodation after previous attempts to remove this type of accom?	The document states no dwelling designed for less than 2 people will be permitted. The SPD cannot go beyond the demands of Policy HN6 (see above)	N/A
3.5	David Hadwin	There is no requirement under the building regulations for level thresholds for conversion work due to space constraints. This should be removed from the policy. Similarly the item regarding lifts is superfluous to requirements as the maximum number of dwellings permitted under the managed house policy is 15.	After revisiting this issue the provision of level access is not a planning issue and has been moved to best practice guidance. The need for lifts to serve properties containing over 15 apartments above four storeys is considered essential to meet modern standards.	The requirements for level access have been moved to Part 3: Best Practice. No change to the lift requirement.
3.6	David Hadwin	Space standards are not realistic - a good sized two bed flat is 65sqm	The space standards are based on those in the London Housing Design Guide 2010, and adjusted to allow for conversion of existing spaces. The space standards have been the subject of a separate architectural feasibility study (on the conversion of former holiday accommodation) which has found that in most cases the standards can be met.	Minor adjustments have been made to the space standards after revisiting the London Housing Design Guide and Architectural Feasibility Study, in particular the size of studio flat (now the same as a 1 bed flat) and the size of a 2 bed and 3 bed house (reduced to a more reasonable size).
3.7	David Hadwin	Room height of 2.4m, standard height in new build is 2350mm – is this standard to be relaxed if the main building has low ceilings, particularly as we have to introduce lowered ceilings for sound proofing?  Also what about rooms in roof space, useable floor space is 1.5m – a dresser against a 1.5m wall will have standing room in front, i.e. 1.8m height	2.4m is considered to be an appropriate figure. If the main building has low ceilings then how appropriate it will be to include towards the original floor area will be considered on a case by case basis.  Floor space in roof space counting towards the original property must be above 2.14m (7'0") over at least half of the measurable floor area. Areas with a floor to ceiling height of 1.52m (5'0") will not count towards this measurement.	N/A  Clarification on measurable floor space in the roof space is now included in the revised draft.
3.8	David Hadwin	Living space appears over large — equates to 6 x 4m for two bed flat, but not much bigger than 7 person accommodation. I would suggest that near 18 -20sqm for 2 person rising to 45sqm for 7 person	Aggregate areas are based on those in the London Housing Design Guide but amended to reflect typical existing local conditions (i.e. reduced by 10%).	The figures have been rounded to a single decimal point.

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
3.9	David Hadwin	The amenity space required is excessive and would not be able to be accommodated in the inner wards. The space standard for a one bed flat is 30% of floor area and equates to 4.0mx5.0m area. The typical width of a mid terrace property is 5.0m. Therefore it would not be possible to convert an inner ward hotel into two dwellings due to amenity space.	Private outdoor space is highly valued and should be provided for any dwelling where possible to provide a good quality home. It may not be possible to create meaningful amenity areas in all cases, particularly in the inner areas. In which case, applicants will be expected to compensate for this with a higher quality internal layout.	There is now an emphasis on maximising all opportunities to provide outdoor amenity space, including the removal of extensions and outbuildings and provision of roof terraces and balconies. Minimum standards relating to ground floor external amenity area and balconies / roof terrace areas have been moved to best practice guidance.
3.10	David Hadwin	DS9 is out of date and unnecessary given the level of sound proofing that is now required in dwellings. This should be omitted.	Mitigation measures i.e. sound proofing are dealt with by building regulations although buffer zones and stacking is considered to be good design practice.	Minor amendment – no longer refers to 'unless appropriate mitigation measures are included'.
3.11	David Hadwin	The design tips should be omitted; they come across as patronising, and in some instances are incorrect.	Noted. It is intended that further design tips and good design practice notes will be made available on the Council's web site as the document is implemented.	The design tips have been omitted.
3.12	David Hadwin	The requirement for 5% of the floor area to be given over to storage is useless and conflicts with the aspirations of making best use of space. The space required for a typical flat is the same size as a kitchen. There is no requirement for this level of storage. This policy should be omitted and replaced with 'consideration should be given to storage requirements'.	The provision of adequate storage in modern dwellings is considered essential and 5% is considered to be an appropriate figure. This can be part of space within a room provided minimum habitable space standards are maintained.	N/A
3.13	David Hadwin	Policy 11.3 over steps the mark for a planning document and cannot be policed. This is a build issue and not a requirement under any other policy. This should be omitted.	After revisiting this issue the provision of a DDA compliant bathroom is not a planning issue and will be dealt with by building regulations where appropriate.	This has been omitted
		Policy 11.4 a DDA compliant bathroom is overly large and at odds with the requirements of any resident other than a wheel chair bound person. If such a conversion is required by a resident at a later date this could be accommodated by alteration works. It is not reasonable to try to make a building useable to all sectors of society at its inception.	After revisiting this issue the provision of a DDA compliant bathroom is not a planning issue and will be dealt with by building regulations where appropriate.	This has been moved to best practice.

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
3.14	David Hadwin	Policy DS12 is wrong. Parking standards are a maximum and dealt with under other policy. The park space sizes are in conflict with the unified policy for extensions amongst others. This needs to comply with the other standards.	On reflection, the parking standards proposed were not consistent with those in the Local Plan, which are maximum standards. It is acknowledged these aren't particularly useful for this SPD, and in view of existing problems with onstreet parking, off-street parking should be encouraged more, providing it is appropriate and represents a net-gain over existing on-street provision. A balance must be made between amenity space and off-street parking.	The parking requirements have been rewritten to help reduce on-street parking pressures and to encourage off-street parking where appropriate, whilst balancing the need for outdoor amenity space.
3.15	David Hadwin	Policy 15 is too much for a typical conversion of a hotel to a single dwelling or a couple of flats. This is taking from code for sustainable homes which is optional and there is no requirement for this in new housing developments. Flooding is covered under separate policy. Bats and owl reports for hotels in Blackpool is not commonsense and only in very special cases should this be a requirement.	Sustainability is an important part of the guidance, however until the Energy Efficiency SPD comes forward to support Local Plan Policy LQ8, it is acknowledged the requirements for sustainability cannot be justified and will be moved to best practice. Should the Energy Efficiency SPD come forward then the Adopted SPD will be reviewed accordingly. The advice on flood risk and protected species is considered appropriate.	Sustainability requirements have been moved to best practice.  Advice on flooding and protected species has been moved to Part 1: Introduction (issues to consider when submitting your planning application).
3.16	David Hadwin	The requirement to make it compulsory to introduce insulations and renewable energy is not practical and unnecessarily costly. For example you cannot use solar panels on flats, because it is not possible to connect them to a flat, without losing energy collected in the wiring to the flat. Windmills do not work, are ugly and noisy and no one yet has brought into the equation the carbon expended to manufacture one. This leaves ground source heat pumps which are not appropriate due to land take and cost about £8,000 per dwelling, driving the unit cost of a dwelling ever higher. This discourages conversion and will not help regenerate Blackpool.	See above.	Sustainability requirements have been moved to best practice.

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
3.17	David Hadwin	Policy 15g is out of date. The Waste Management Act came into force last April. There is no need to have this as policy	The Council has adopted the Joint Lancashire Minerals and Waste Local Development Framework which includes the Minimising and Managing Waste in New Developments SPD. Appropriate requirements in this document should be incorporated.	The 'Waste storage and services' section includes appropriate requirements to minimise waste in accordance with the Minimising and Managing Waste in New Developments SPD. These are also referenced in the best practice guidance section.
3.18	David Hadwin	The policy is over prescriptive and too restrictive to allow imagination and progressive design. It aims at a common level, which is not a shared aspiration of prospective owners i.e. not everyone wants a garden.  The policy is in conflict with national legislation on a number of issue, and seeks to be an all encompassing design guide, which of cause it cannot be because it only deals with planning and pays no attention to other aspects of good design, such as economics, buildability safety.  This SPD will discourage the conversion of hotels into accommodation and will not help regenerate Blackpool.	The document sets out the minimum guidance considered necessary to ensure that high quality residential dwellings are created. It recognises that the conversion of existing buildings requires a degree of flexibility, although expects all proposals to demonstrate an innovative, high quality design solution – indeed the Council will encourage innovative interpretations of the guidance to produce high quality living spaces. A separate study has shown the guidance to be technically feasible. The document does not conflict with national legislation although it does need to complement the building regulations requirements.	Many of the fundamental design requirements have been revised, in particular the changes will make it easier to convert an existing building into a single family home. The new standards are still asking for a high quality design but are more realistic to achieve. Any requirements that fall outside the control of planning and may be picked up by other regulations, including building regulations, have either been omitted or moved into the best practice guidance where appropriate.
4	Crystal Lodge Holiday Apartments:	Whilst the aims of these policies are laudable, there is no clear indication of how the council will police the planning to achieve quality conversions and stop HMOs. The Council's record in preventing HMOs is terrible and planning control has been non existent. How will this change?	Robust enforcement action is important to prevent further unlawful change of use to HMO. Following surveys of the Inner Resort areas, the Council now has comprehensive information on existing uses which will be used to closely monitor any unlawful change of use or development.	N/A
5	Keighley House:	Keighley House has been our home and business for the past 27 years, and my parents before that. During that time we have spent far more on the property than it is actually worth, and as a result I feel that we are being backed into a corner. If when the time came we would like to turn	Owners who cease trading as a guest house and continue to live in the property, require planning permission to do so since a material change of use has taken place. The Council accept that the conversion of former guest house business properties may require	Previous versions of the document proposed easier design standards for existing hotel owners, making it simpler for those who wanted to de-register their business and continue to live there as a family home. However, legal advice has confirmed that policy requirements should

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
		our business into a private home, the requirements would be far beyond the expense that we could afford, and it would be more beneficial to continue living there and just pay the business rates.  Alternatively, it would be cheaper to just trade when the season is at its most profitable and remain empty for the rest of the year. The specifications required to turn back to a house are fine for a property that is in need of repair but not for good properties that have been looked after.	owners to incur expense to meet the standards set out in the SPD. That is a matter of individual viability for owners to address. The Council would have no objection to guest house owners who maintain their properties to a high standard to trade seasonally.	be written for a general audience to avoid the risk of challenge and therefore this latest document does not include separate requirements for existing hotel owners - who have to meet the same requirements as everyone else wanting to convert a property into a single dwelling. Having said that the changes introduced in the document will make the requirements for conversion into a single dwelling easier.
6	Alan Greenhalgh:	There is a requirement that waste bins are screened from view but in practice how can this be enforced by the Council? On numerous roads where properties have been converted from holiday use to flats, rows of properties have many bins in the front garden. The southern end of Warbreck Drive is a good example of this.	The document requires bin storage areas to be screened from view at the side or rear of the property where possible. Applicants will need to demonstrate on a plan where the designated storage is.  Any infringement from the design solution agreed as part of individual planning applications will be investigated where appropriate.	N/A
7.1	Chris Penderleith – Leith Planning	The guidance on relevant floor space and amenity standards to be achieved in residential conversions and sub-divisions has been drafted to update the currently "saved" Local Plan Policies HN5, HN6 and RR9 and in accordance with the future replacement policies in the Blackpool Core Strategy.  The Council need to clearly define which policies in the Core Strategy are referable. There is also the concern that these standards are premature in advance of the debate concerning the soundness of the Core Strategy.	Noted.	The introductory text in the policy background section now clearly identifies relevant saved Local Plan Policies as well as relevant emerging Core Strategy Policies.

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
7.2	Leith Planning	It is considered that the SPD imposes different and more onerous standards than those encapsulated in the Local Plan Policies. By way of example Policy HN6 refers to Housing Mix which provides a sliding scale in relation to the provision of one bedroom units whereas the SPD provides an either or approach. In short the SPD is not 'consistent' with the policies it is intended to supplement; there is an inherent conflict that should be addressed by means of a DPD.	SPDs must be consistent with higher level planning policies and cannot go beyond the requirements set out in these policies. Having revisited the proposed housing mix requirement we did find that it went beyond the requirements of Local Plan Policy HN6 by proposing to alter the mix of one bedroom/studio dwellings and introducing a limit on two bedroom units. This has been amended.	The housing mix requirements have been amended and are now consistent with Policy HN6. Should they be reviewed through the Core Strategy, the final SPD will be reviewed accordingly.
7.3	Leith Planning	Page 1.1 of the SPD states: "Blackpool has a substantial number of older properties, many of them former guest houses, where there is potential demand for conversion and sub-division. The Council recognises that the conversion of redundant premises including floor space above shops and former guest houses provide an important source of additional housing."	Noted	N/A
7.4	Leith Planning	Page 1.1 continues that: "Conversion, refurbishment and subdivision of existing buildings can be a sustainable and economic way of providing new dwellings. It reduces the emissions and waste associated with demolition and the embodied energy associated with new-build."  It is noted that the Council accept that refurbishment and sub-division is a sustainable and economic way of providing new dwellings and that it reduces emissions and waste associated with demolition.	Noted	N/A
		We would support this assertion.		

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
7.5	Leith Planning	The document goes on to say: "Poorly designed conversions can result in dwellings of inadequate size and quality leading to their inhabitants being exposed to a number of potential problems such as overcrowding, lack of amenity space, noise and inconvenient or unsafe access.	The statement referred to is based on the most up to date evidence available to the Council, including work undertaken for the Core Strategy and in preparing Neighbourhood Plans for Foxhall, North Beach and South Beach.	
		It is unclear how this situation has arisen given the substance of Policy HN5 and SPG10 which establish the criterion for conversions; presumably the poorly designed conversions are unauthorised. The Council should support development incorporating a mix of accommodation (including 1 and 2 bedroom units).	The housing mix requirements set out in Policy HN6 limit the amount of one bedroom accommodation. There is an opportunity for the Core Strategy to review this housing mix, which may result in this SPD being reviewed in the future in order to be consistent with future policies.	
7.6	Leith Planning	Whether or not there is an over-supply of small dwellings is a matter that should be debated in the Core Strategy and requires interpretation of an up-to-date survey. It would appear that the Council's approach to Housing Mix has changed from that in Policy HN6 - this would appear to represent a misuse of the SPD process.	Please refer to 7.2 above	Please refer to 7.2 above
7.7	Leith Planning	DS1: Can I convert or Subdivide my Property for Permanent Residential Use? We are concerned that there is a conflict between the design/amenity requirements in the saved policies (HN5, HN6 and RR9) of the Local Plan and those in the SPD; furthermore the SPD would appear to pre-empt the debate in the Core Strategy.	Policy DS1 was consistent with Saved Policies HN5, HN6 and RR9. There is no intention to pre-empt the Core Strategy.	Following a re-structure of the document, most of DS1 has been moved into Part 1: Introduction which explains the policy background (including HN5, HN6 and RR9).
7.8	Leith Planning	DS3: Can I sub-divide my Property? Clearly not all smaller dwellings are of a 'low standard'; what is important is that the renovation of properties incorporates a mix of accommodation. Policy HN6 is concerned with Housing Mix and as such it is presumed that the above problems have been caused by unauthorised	Other than the housing mix requirement (already covered in 7.2 above) Policy DS3 was consistent with Saved Policies HN5, HN6 and RR9.	The housing mix requirements have been amended and are now consistent with Policy HN6.

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
		development. There remains the concern that the Council are changing policy 'by the back door'; and the SPD incorporates changes to policy without proper independent scrutiny in accordance with the statutory procedures and as such should not be set out in an SPD.		
7.9	Leith Planning	DS8: External Space Standards Bearing in mind that we are dealing with an established urban area where amenity space is at a premium Policy PO1 and BH3 are sensible and sound. If the Council's intention is to change Policy PO1 and BH3 it should be done so in a DPD not an SPD.  Clarification is sought from the Council in relation to their policy approach for parking, amenity space and cycle storage and how this will be applied to large Victorian properties (which are characteristic within the inner resort neighbourhoods) where the existing properties have very small gardens and little or no gardens to the front and on road parking restrictions. The Council have not distinguished between those standards which would apply to new development and those applied to the conversion of existing buildings which are subject to more constraints. This is a fundamental flaw within the SPD	Amenity Space Policy PO1: Planning Obligations is concerned with the provision of community facilities, including public open space. Policy BH3 is concerned with residential amenity and is therefore more pertinent.  Policy BH3 recognises that provision of an adequate sized private amenity space is essential to creating a high quality residential environment. For houses this would be expected to take the form of a rear or side garden; in flat developments private amenity space can take the form of a shared courtyard/garden or, in appropriate locations, private balconies or roof terraces. It states that exceptions may be made for high quality flat developments in highly accessible locations which would have wider regeneration benefits and where the site characteristics preclude the provision of private amenity space.	There is now an emphasis on maximising all opportunities to provide outdoor amenity space, including the removal of extensions and outbuildings and provision of roof terraces and balconies in accordance with Policies BH3, HN5 and RR9. Minimum standards relating to ground floor external amenity area and balconies / roof terrace areas have been moved to best practice guidance.  The parking requirements have been rewritten to help reduce on-street parking pressures and to encourage off-street parking where appropriate, whilst balancing the need for outdoor amenity space.  All outdoor space provided must be in addition to parking, cycle or waste storage provision, although there is now a recognition that a balance must be made. More guidance is now provided on the storage of cycles and waste, including opportunities for communal storage and within the building.
		particularly where refurbishment is deemed to be sustainable.	Policies HN5 and RR9 also support the provision of adequate private amenity space, including the need to remove existing extensions.	The document now distinguishes between standards that apply in all cases (i.e. houses and flats) and standards that only
			SPDs must be consistent with higher level planning policies and cannot go beyond the requirements set out in these policies. Having revisited the	apply to flat developments. None of the standards apply to new build and it is intended to produce a separate SPD for design guidance on new build.

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
			proposed amenity standards whilst they do not go beyond the requirements of Policy BH3, it is considered more flexibility is required as it may not be possible to create meaningful amenity areas in all cases, particularly in the inner areas. In which case, applicants will be expected to compensate for this with a higher quality internal layout.	
			Car Parking: On reflection, the parking standards proposed were not consistent with those in the Local Plan, which are maximum standards. These aren't particularly useful for this document and in view of existing problems with onstreet parking, off-street parking should be encouraged more, providing it is appropriate and represents a net-gain over existing on-street provision. A balance must be made between the provision of amenity space and off-street parking.	
			Cycle Parking: The provision of bin and cycle storage is particularly challenging in the typical terraced layout of inner resort streets. It is accepted that cycle parking as set out in the draft document presents design challenges	
7.10	Leith Planning	The starting point in the evaluation of a SPD is section 17 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 (as amended 2008). The following subsections in Part 2 are noted:	Please refer to 7.2 above	Please refer to 7.2 above
		(3) the local planning authority's local development documents must (taken as a whole) set out the authority's policies (however expressed) relating to the development and use of land in their area.		

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
		(5) if to any extent a policy set out in a local development document conflicts with any other statement or information in the document the conflict must be resolved in favour of the policy.  For the avoidance of doubt it is considered that the SPD conflicts with the adopted plan as detailed above.		
		(7) regulations under this section may prescribe(b) the form and content of the local development documents.		
7.14	Leith Planning	Supplementary Planning Documents are dealt with in section 6 of PPS 12 and paragraph 6.1 states: "the planning authority may prepare supplementary planning documents to provide greater detail on the policy in its DPDs. SPDs should not be prepared with the aim of avoiding the need for the examination of policy which should be examined".  As explained in this submission the SPD goes further than providing detail on policy encapsulated in the Adopted Plan and does not explain which policies in the Core Strategy it is supposed to embellish. In short the SPD changes policy while avoiding the need for the examination of policy.	This SPD supports and expands on the following key local plan and LDF policies by providing guidance on the Council's design, space and amenity standards for residential conversions and subdivisions:  HN5, HN6, RR9 (saved Local Plan policies) R20, G1, G4 (draft Core Strategy policies)  Following the revision to housing mix, it does not introduce new policies which would otherwise need to be examined.	N/A
		Paragraph 6.4 deals with the preparation of supplementary guidance by other bodies and reads: "District/borough/city council's should not produce planning guidance other than SPD where the guidance is intended to be used in decision-making or the coordination of development. This could be construed as wishing to circumvent the provision for consultation and sustainability appraisal which SPD's have		

Ref	Name / Organisation	Summary of Comment	Response	Change to Revised Draft SPD
		There is a concern that the New Homes from Old Places Draft Supplementary Planning Document does not fit comfortably with the sustainability appraisal associated with the Core Strategy. The overly prescriptive approach is in itself 'unsustainable' because it frustrates regeneration and reuse of existing properties in favour of wholesale redevelopment which is simply	The sustainability appraisal for the Core Strategy Preferred Option supports the Council's ambition to promote high quality single family homes, require residential proposals to comply with the Council's new housing standards and reducing the over-concentration of poor quality rented stock in inner areas. T  The degree of prescription is considered appropriate to raise standards.	The separate Sustainability Appraisal produced for this SPD has been updated to reflect the revised draft.
7.15	Leith Planning	not viable.  Paragraph 2.43 of the old PPS 12 has been revoked however it is worth quoting because it sets out the principles which applied to supplementary planning documents, namely:  it must be consistent with national and regional planning policies as well as the policies set out in the development plan document contained in the Local Development Framework  it must be clearly crossed-referenced to the relevant development plan document policy which it supplements  it must be reviewed on a regular basis;  the process by which it has been prepared must be clear and the statement of conformity with the statement of community involvement be published with it  The fact that SPDs rely on DPDs for the sustainability appraisal and statement of community involvement mean they are	Noted.	N/A
7.17	Leith Planning	genuinely 'supplementary' and should simply expand on policy or provide further details of policy in a DPD.  Asked to be notified of developments with the evolving Local Development Framework in due course and when	Noted	N/A

# **Appendix 3: Consultation on Revised Draft SPD (January 2011)**

# List of Consultees (by email)

Specific Consultees	General Consultees	General Consultees	
Westby-with-Plumpton Parish Council Lancashire County Council Property Group Northwest Regional Development Agency Government Office North West North Lancashire PCT Natural England Highways Agency British Gas Properties Lancashire Fire & Rescue Service HQ Preston City Council Fylde Borough Council Strategic Health Authority (North West) United Utilities Natural England Unitied Utilities Staining Parish Council Department For Transport Wyre Borough Council HCA Fylde Borough Council Highways Agency Northwest Regional Development Agency CABE English Heritage Fylde Borough Council Coal Authority Lancashire Constabulary 4NW Environment Agency Blackpool Primary Care Trust	General Consultees  Councillors and MPs MP for Blackpool South MP for Blackpool North All Elected Local Councillors  Previous Respondents Mr Askem, Crystal Lodge Gillian Wilsden Alan Greenhalgh Brian Johnston Mr S Lomax Dwent Mr R Dagwell  Guest House Associations Stay-Blackpool Blackpool Self Catering Holiday Lancashire and Blackpool Tourist Board  Planning Agents Mr Nigel Robinson Adams Holmes Associates Alan Jones Charte red Surveyors Architectural Design Services Cass Associates Cassidy and Ashton Cliff Walsingham & Company Croft Goode Partnership DePol Associates Ltd Dev Plan UK Drivers Jonas Deloitte Firth Associates Ltd Graduate Planner Steven Abbott Associates Graham Anthony Consultants GVA Grimley Halcrow Group Ltd	Home Plan Designs How Planning Indigo Planning JMP Consulting Jones Lang LaSalle Julie Cary Planning Keystone Design Associates King Sturge LLP Lambert Smith Hampton Leith Planning Limited Mackeith Dickinson & Partners Midgley Drawing Service Mosaic Town Planning MPSL Planning & Design Ltd Nathaniel Lichfield and Partners NTJ Design Paul Butler Associates Peacock & Smith Consultants Planning & Design Services Ltd Stewart Ross Associates Turley Associates Turley Associates Fylde Architects and Surveyors Moira Graham Lydia Whitaker D Kovacks Mr Paul Martin RV Hopper Dave Garlick Eric Forster John Rowe Mr Philip Jackson Jim Baines Other Blackpool Fylde and Wyre EDC	

### **List of Consultees (by letter)**

General Consultees	General Consultees	General Consultees	
Planning Agents	Holiday Area Cluster Groups		
Plantasia Mr D Turnbull Mr K Johnstone Mr G Senior Bromley Parker Architects Chris Hewitt Architect Ltd Fylde Architects & Surveyors Mr B Atkinson M L Planning Services Fletcher Smith Architects Mr I Standidge Mr R Bancroft Mellor Architects Mr R Ansell Mr J Whiteside Wilkinson Developments Mr L Morgan Graham Anthony Associates Fish Associates Keith Gleeson	Palatine Cluster Group Reads Avenue Cluster Group Gynn Avenue Cluster Group King Edward Avenue Cluster Group Havelock Street Cluster Group Woodfield Road Cluster Group Bispham Traders and Hoteliers Association Blackpool Combined Association Gynn Avenue Hotels Association Blackpool Hotel and Guest House Consortium Bispham Hotel & Traders Association		

## **List of Respondents (and Representations made)**

#### Name / Organisation

Coal Authority - No comments

Highways Agency – No comments

Natural England – note that the information provided demonstrates that the Core Strategy HRA Screening Report identified that the policies relevant to the SPD will have no significant adverse effect on any Natura 2000 site, and that no further HRA Screening Report or Appropriate Assessment is required at this stage.

Network Rail – No comments

United Utilities - No comments

## **Appendix 4: Conformity with NW Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS)**

Following advice that local planning authorities should reach their own view on whether an emerging Plan is in conformity with RSS, we have reviewed the RSS and identified key policies relevant to the 'New Homes from Old Places Residential Conversion and Subdivision SPD'. These are as follows:

Key RSS Policies relevant to 'New Homes from Old Places Residential Conversion and Sub-division SPD'
Policy DP1: Spatial Principles
Policy DP2: Promote Sustainable Communities
Policy DP7: Promote Environmental Quality
Policy DP9: Reduce Emissions and Adapt to Climate Change
Policy RDF3: The Coast
Policy L3: Existing Housing Stock and Housing Renewal
Policy CLCR1: Central Lancashire City Region Priorities
Policy CLCR2: Focus for Development and Investment in Central Lancashire City Region

RSS is underpinned by the spatial principles in Policy DP1, which the 'New Homes from Old Places Residential Conversion and Subdivision SPD' conforms to. The SPD aims to improve the built environment, promote community cohesion and improve quality of living standards and thus quality of life (supporting Policy DP2); encourage regeneration and improve the town's image (Policy RDF3); and balance the local housing market by addressing the over-supply of small flats and poor quality dwellings (Policy L3). Furthermore, it is consistent with the Central Lancashire City Region priorities.

It is Blackpool Council's view that 'New Homes from Old Places Residential Conversion and Sub-division SPD' is in conformity with the RSS.